COUNTY OF AMADOR AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2008

COUNTY OF AMADOR AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2008

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Supervisors County of Amador Jackson, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Amador, California, (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued under separate cover, our report dated March 20, 2009, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Board of Supervisors County of Amador

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Amador's basic financial statements. The accompanying information identified in the table of contents as combining and individual fund statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as whole.

Roseville, California March 20, 2009

Gallina LLP



Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the Amador County's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the County's activities of the County of Amador for fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. Please read it in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the County exceeded liabilities at the close of the 2007-2008 fiscal year by \$81,071,743 (net assets). Of this amount, \$13,496,224 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$16,429,119 is restricted for specific purpose (restricted net assets), and \$51,146,400 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- The County of Amador's total net assets increased by \$1,213,927. The increase in net assets are mainly attributable to:
 - o \$3,769,172 net increase in governmental funds due to revenues in excess of expenditures,
 - o \$627,632 increase due to expenditures for capital assets net of current year depreciation in governmental funds,
 - o \$460,573 increase due to revenue which was unavailable on the fund statements,
 - o \$434,533 increase due to repayment of debt principal which reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets,
 - o \$108,018 decrease due to increases in liability from compensated absences and unamortized bond issuance costs,
 - o \$346,310 decrease due to internal service funds activities reported as governmental activities, and
 - o \$3,623,655 decrease due to business type activities of which \$3,617,204 is landfill closure/post closure and operating cost.
- As of June 30, 2008 the County of Amador's governmental funds reported combine fund balances of \$36,397,210, an increase of \$3,769,172. Approximately 42% of the combined fund balances, \$15,419,054 is available to meet the County's current and future needs (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$9,566,238, or 29% of total general fund expenditures. All the remaining unreserved fund balance will be budgeted in the subsequent fiscal year.
- The County's total long-term debt increased by \$3,195,916 from the prior year. The increase is primarily due to engineering estimates of landfill closure/post closure liability cost.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Amador's basic financial statements. The County of Amador's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. Required Supplementary Information is included in addition to the basic financial statements. Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County of Amador's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County of Amador's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County of Amador is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County of Amador that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County of Amador include general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education and recreation, and cultural services. The business-type activities of the County of Amador include the County Landfill, and Airport.

The government-wide financial statements include the following component units: the Amador Fire Protection District and the Amador IHSS Public Authority. These two component units have the same board as the County.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements are a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Amador, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County of Amador can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary fund, and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statement focus on how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to available resources and the balances left at year-end that is available for spending. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the county's financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for government funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial statements. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between government funds and governmental activities.

The County of Amador maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, Social Service Fund, Road Fund, County Improvement Fund, and Water Development Sinking Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from other governmental funds are combined to a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 17-22 of this report.

Proprietary funds are maintained two ways. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. The County of Amador uses enterprise funds to account for Landfill and Airport, both, which are considered major funds. Data from nonmajor enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate funds to account for self-insurance, fleet maintenance and replacement, purchasing, and communications. Because the services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Landfill and Airport. All internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the nonmajor enterprise funds and internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

The proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 23-26 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County of Amador's own programs. The accounting use for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes can be found on pages 29-57 of this report.

Required supplementary information is presented concerning the County of Amador's progress funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information also includes Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual for the General Fund, Social Service Fund, and Road Fund.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 58-62 of this report.

The supplementary information is the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds, and internal service funds.

Supplementary information can be found on pages 63-77 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

Governmental-Wide Financial Analysis

The county has provided prior year's information for a comparative analysis of government-wide data.

County of Amador's Net Assets June 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	e Activities	Total			
	2008		2007	2008	2007	2008		2007
Assets:								
Current and other assets	\$ 42,549,594	\$	39,709,878	\$ (1,518,941)	\$ (1,550,818) \$	41,030,653	\$	38,159,060
Capital assets	 56,397,474		55,863,099	3,704,401	3,821,359	60,101,875		59,684,458
Total assets	98,947,068		95,572,977	2,185,460	2,270,541	101,132,528		97,843,518
Liabilities:								
Current and other liabilities	2,507,042		3,674,832	265,260	218,303	2,772,302		3,893,135
Long-term liabilities	10,804,299		11,100,000	6,484,184	2,992,567	17,288,483		14,092,567
Total liabilities	13,311,341		14,774,832	6,749,444	3,210,870	20,060,785		17,985,702
Net Assets:								
Invested in capital net of related debt	47,564,051		46,950,755	3,582,349	3,688,231	51,146,400		50,638,986
Restricted net assets	16,429,119		13,122,022			16,429,119		13,122,022
Unrestricted net assets	21,642,557		20,725,368	(8,146,333)	(4,628,560)	13,496,224		16,096,808
Total net assets	\$ 85,635,727	\$	80,798,145	\$ (4,563,984)	\$ (940,329) \$	81,071,743	\$	79,857,816

Analysis of Net Assets

Net assets exceeded liabilities by \$81,071,743 at the close of the 2007-08 fiscal year. Increases or decreases in net assets may over time serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the county is improving or deteriorating. Of this amount \$13,496,224 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to the citizens and creditors. \$16,429,119 (restricted net assets) is restricted for a specific purpose. The remaining portion and largest \$51,146,400 is the county's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, building, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt. These assets are used to provide services to its citizens and are not available for future spending.

As stated earlier, net asset increased by \$1,213,927. The increase in net assets is attributable to:

- \$3,769,172 net increase in governmental funds due to revenues in excess of expenditures,
- \$627,632 increase due to expenditures for capital assets net of current year depreciation in government in governmental funds,
- \$460,573 increase due to revenue which was unavailable on the fund statements,
- \$434,533 increase due to repayment of debt principal which reduces long-term liabilities in statement of net assets,
- \$108,018 decrease due to increases in liability from compensated absences and unamortized bond issuance costs,

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

- \$346,310 decrease due to internal service funds activities reported as governmental activities, and
- \$3,623,655 decrease due to business type activities of which \$3,617,204 is landfill closure/post closure and operating cost.

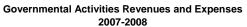
County of Amador's Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

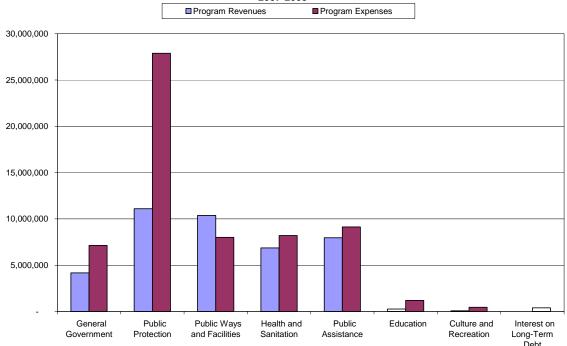
		Governmental Activities		Business-Type	Activities	Total		
Revenues		2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	10,151,321 \$	8,820,270 \$	809,369 \$	791,423 \$	10,960,690 \$	9,611,693	
Operating grants and contributions		30,684,555	28,027,891	323,400	20,000	31,007,955	28,047,891	
General Revenues:								
Property taxes		20,811,849	17,726,850	67,640	62,254	20,879,489	17,789,104	
Sales and use taxes		2,343,470	2,926,033			2,343,470	2,926,033	
Other		1,548,129	838,157			1,548,129	838,157	
Unrestricted interest and investment earnings		1,767,933	1,760,044	21,590	20,730	1,789,523	1,780,774	
Miscellaneous		23,647	631,985			23,647	631,985	
Grants and contributions not restricted to								
specific programs			394,056				394,056	
Loss on disposal of capital assets					(583,392)		(583,392)	
Transfers		(50,000)	(32,390)	50,000	32,390			
Total revenues		67,280,904	61,092,896	1,271,999	343,405	68,552,903	61,436,301	
Expenses:								
General government		7,135,434	10,046,148			7,135,434	10,046,148	
Public protection		27,891,492	24,968,537			27,891,492	24,968,537	
Public ways and facilities		8,008,989	9,705,550			8,008,989	9,705,550	
Health and sanitation		8,210,880	7,894,671			8,210,880	7,894,671	
Public assistance		9,136,317	7,613,981			9,136,317	7,613,981	
Education		1,205,892	986,655			1,205,892	986,655	
Culture and recreation		457,562	357,319			457,562	357,319	
Interest on long-term debt		396,756	406,830			396,756	406,830	
Landfill				4,537,557	4,289,280	4,537,557	4,289,280	
Airport				332,386	308,381	332,386	308,381	
County Service Areas				25,711	37,357	25,711	37,357	
Total expenses	_	62,443,322	61,979,691	4,895,654	4,635,018	67,338,976	66,614,709	
		4 027 502	(006 705)	(2.622.655)	(4.201.612)	1 212 027	(5.150.400)	
Change in net assets		4,837,582	(886,795)	(3,623,655)	(4,291,613)	1,213,927	(5,178,408)	
Net assets at beginning year	Φ.	80,798,145	81,684,940	(940,329)	3,351,284	79,857,816	85,036,224	
Net assets at end of year	\$	85,635,727 \$	80,798,145 \$	(4,563,984) \$	(940,329) \$	81,071,743 \$	79,857,816	

Governmental activities increased the county's net assets by \$4,837,582. The increases in net assets were due to the following:

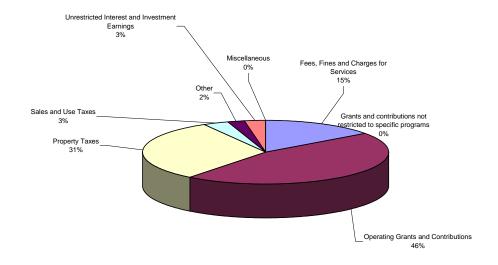
- \$3,769,172 net increase in governmental funds due to revenues in excess of expenditures,
- \$627,632 increase due to expenditures for capital assets net of current year depreciation in governmental funds,
- \$460,573 increase due to revenue which was unavailable on the fund statements,
- \$434,533 increase due to repayment of debt principal which reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets,
- \$108,018 decrease due to increases in liability from compensated absences and unamortized bond issuance costs, and
- \$346,310 decrease due to internal service funds activities reported as governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008





Governmental Activities Revenues by Source 2007-2008

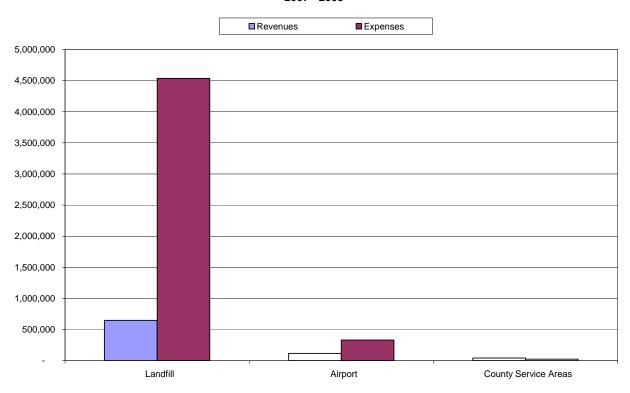


Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

Business-type activities decreased the county's net assets by \$3,623,655. The decreases to net assets were due to the following:

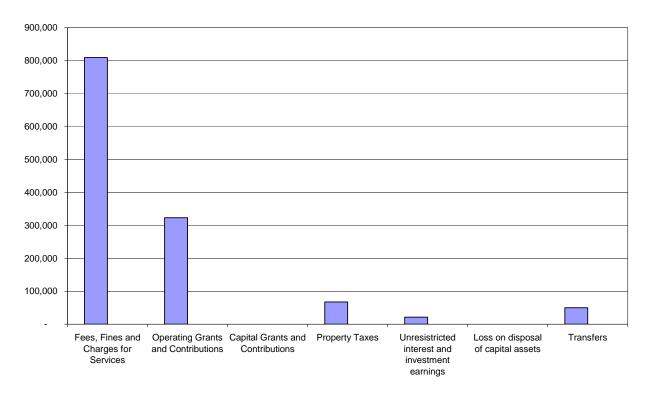
- \$3,617,204 decrease due to landfill closure/post closure and operating cost,
- \$38,206 decrease due to airport operating cost,
- \$31,755 increase due to County Service Areas 5,6, and 8 activities.

Business-Type Revenues and Expenses 2007 - 2008



Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

Business-Type Revenues by Source 2007 - 2008



Financial analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the County of Amador uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Government funds. The government functions are contained in the General, Special Revenue, Capital Project and Debt Service Funds. Included in these funds are the special districts governed by the Board of Supervisors. The focus of the County of Amador's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the county's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2008 the County of Amador's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$36,397,210 an increase of \$3,769,172 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 42% of the combined fund balance, \$15,419,054, constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available to meet the County's current and future needs. The remainder of the funds, \$20,978,156 is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has been committed:

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

- 1. imprest cash (\$24,550)
- 2. liquidate contractual commitments (\$2,034,900)
- 3. loans and advances due from other funds (\$3,016,439)
- 4. general reserve (\$15,902,267)

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the county. At June 30, 2008, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$9,566,238, while total fund balance reached \$19,883,619. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 29% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 61% of total general fund expenditures. The fund balance for the county's general fund increased by \$387,101 during the current fiscal year.

In addition to the General Fund, the County maintains four major government funds: the Social Services fund, Road fund, County Improvement fund, and the Water Development Sinking fund. The Social Service fund is used to administer the County's social services programs that promote job-readiness and self-sufficiency of individuals and families. The Social Service fund recorded \$8 million in revenues in 2008, compared to \$7.3 million last year. Expenditures increased \$1.5 million from \$7.4 million in 2007 to \$8.9 million in 2008.

The Road fund is used for planning, design, construction, maintenance and administration of the County's roads and infrastructure. The Road fund reported \$10.9 million in revenues in 2008 compared to \$7.7 million last year. The increase was the result of Prop 1B and Highway 49 Relinquishment projects. Expenditures were \$8.7 million in 2008 compared to \$9.2 million in 2007.

The County Improvement fund is used for the acquisition and construction of County facilities. In 2008 revenues were \$.7 million compared to \$1.3 million in 2007. Expenditures in 2008 was \$.5 million and this was significantly less than the \$8 million reported in 2007 because most of the construction cost was for completion of the Amador Superior Court building. The Amador Superior Court building was completed in June 2007.

The Water Development Sinking fund is used for the development of new or additional water for the County. Revenues in 2008 were \$217,707 compared to \$218,474 in 2007. Expenditures in 2008 were \$356,955 compared to \$7,592 in 2007. The expenditures in 2008 were for studies on Lake Camache, Lower Bear Reservoir, and Central Amador Water Project.

Proprietary funds. The County of Amador's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but more detail. The net assets of the enterprise funds decreased by \$3,623,655. The decrease is primarily due to recording the engineering estimates of landfill closure/post closure liability cost. The net assets of the internal services funds' decreased by \$346,310 to \$3,570,822.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$997,609 increase in general governmental budget
- \$1,574,007 increase in public protection budget
- \$2,020 increase in public assistance budget
- \$18,865 increase in education budget
- \$81,881 increase in recreation and cultural services budget
- \$338,750 decrease capital outlay and contingency budget

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The County of Amador's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2008, amount to \$60,101,875 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Debt Administration. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total long-term obligations outstanding of \$17,288,483. The long-term obligations are as follows:

- \$1,825,506 compensated absences
- \$150,000 liability for self-insurance
- \$8,955,427 notes payable and certificates of participation
- \$6,357,550 landfill closure/post-closure

Additional information on the County's long-term obligations can be found in Note 5 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Amador's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Amador County Auditor-Controller, 810 Court Street, Jackson, CA 95642.



Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

	Primary Government									
		overnmental	Βι	ısiness-Type						
<u>ASSETS</u>	Activities			Activities		Totals				
Cash and investments in Pool	\$	37,874,918	\$	406,433	\$	38,281,351				
Cash with fiscal agents	Ф	48	φ	400,433	Φ	36,261,331				
Restricted Assets:		40				40				
Cash and investments in Pool				7,782		7,782				
Imprest cash		26,750		100		26,850				
Accounts receivable		88,437		107,663		196,100				
Taxes receivable		24,295		36,280		60,575				
Interest receivable		347,731		3,978		351,709				
Due from other governments		1,034,335		38,223		1,072,558				
Loans and notes receivable		697,039				697,039				
Internal balances		2,119,400		(2,119,400)						
Deferred charges		336,641		(=,115,100)		336,641				
Capital Assets:		223,212				223,312				
Nondepreciable		15,220,582		2,176,875		17,397,457				
Depreciable, net		41,176,892		1,527,526		42,704,418				
Total Assets	\$	98,947,068	\$	2,185,460	\$	101,132,528				
I I A DIV MOVE C										
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	¢	1 121 671	¢	10.450	¢	1 151 120				
Accounts payable	\$	1,131,671	\$	19,458	\$	1,151,129				
Due to other governments		679,200				679,200 93,605				
Interest payable		93,605		245 902		·				
Deposits held for others Unearned revenues		602.566		245,802		245,802				
Long-Term Liabilities:		602,566				602,566				
Portion due or payable within one year:		1,286,378		205,038		1,491,416				
Portion due or payable after one year:		9,517,921		6,279,146		15,797,067				
Total Liabilities		13,311,341		6,749,444		20,060,785				
Total Liabilities		15,511,541		0,742,444		20,000,763				
NET ASSETS										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		47,564,051		3,582,349		51,146,400				
Restricted for:										
Public safety		903,508				903,508				
Health and public assistance		2,265,415				2,265,415				
Community development and public facilities		3,631,977				3,631,977				
Capital projects		9,402,349				9,402,349				
Other		225,870				225,870				
Unrestricted		21,642,557		(8,146,333)		13,496,224				
Total Net Assets		85,635,727		(4,563,984)		81,071,743				
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	98,947,068	\$	2,185,460	\$	101,132,528				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Fees, Fines and Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions			
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
General government	\$ 7,135,434	\$ 2,816,019	\$ 1,358,285			
Public protection	27,891,492	4,692,592	6,413,115			
Public ways and facilities	8,008,989	1,118,739	9,263,206			
Health and sanitation	8,210,880	1,112,423	5,759,734			
Public assistance	9,136,317	72,207	7,888,143			
Education	1,205,892	262,873	2,072			
Culture and recreation	457,562	76,468				
Debt Service:						
Interest	396,756					
Total Governmental Activities	62,443,322	10,151,321	30,684,555			
Business-Type Activities:						
Landfill	4,537,557	648,211	151,361			
Airport	332,386	117,957	172,039			
County Service Areas	25,711	43,201				
Total Business-Type Activities:	4,895,654	809,369	323,400			
Total Amador County	\$ 67,338,976	\$ 10,960,690	\$ 31,007,955			
	In-lieu sales Transient of Franchise ta Other Unrestricted i Miscellaneou Transfers	evenues: cy taxes nd use taxes sales tax ent occupancy taxes ise taxes cted interest and investment earnings neous al General Revenues and Transfers				
	_	inning of the year				
	net assets, begi	mining of the year				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net assets, end of the year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Primary Government						
Governmental						
Activities		Activities		Total		
\$ (2,961,130	0)		\$	(2,961,130)		
(16,785,78				(16,785,785)		
2,372,95				2,372,956		
(1,338,72				(1,338,723)		
(1,175,96				(1,175,967)		
(940,94				(940,947)		
(381,094				(381,094)		
(396,75)	6)			(396,756)		
(21,607,44				(21,607,446)		
(21,007,440	<u>o)</u>		_	(21,007,440)		
	¢	(2.727.005)		(2.727.005)		
-	\$	(3,737,985)		(3,737,985)		
-	-	(42,390)		(42,390)		
		17,490		17,490		
·		(3,762,885)		(3,762,885)		
(21,607,446	6)	(3,762,885)		(25,370,331)		
20,811,849	9	67,640		20,879,489		
2,343,470	0			2,343,470		
893,39	5			893,395		
100,81	7			100,817		
358,099	9			358,099		
195,81	8			195,818		
1,767,933	3	21,590		1,789,523		
23,64	7			23,647		
(50,00		50,000				
26,445,028	8	139,230		26,584,258		
4,837,582	2	(3,623,655)		1,213,927		
80,798,14	5	(940,329)		79,857,816		
\$ 85,635,72	<u> </u>	(4,563,984)	\$	81,071,743		



Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

	 General	Social Services	 Road	In	County nprovement
Assets		_			
Cash and investments	\$ 19,085,722	\$ 708,908	\$ 3,520,007	\$	3,249,184
Cash with fiscal agent					
Imprest cash	24,150		200		
Accounts receivable	87,868	569			
Taxes receivable	24,295				
Due from other governments	593,412	48,205	217,793		
Interest receivable	206,570	464	28,299		27,919
Loans and notes receivable					
Advances to other funds	 1,372,800	 	 		946,600
Totals Assets	\$ 21,394,817	\$ 758,146	\$ 3,766,299	\$	4,223,703
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 445,611	\$ 38,051	\$ 377,219	\$	61,264
Due to other governments	2,448				
Deferred revenues	1,063,139				
Advances from other funds	 	 200,000	 		
Total Liabilities	 1,511,198	 238,051	 377,219		61,264
Fund Balances:					
Reserved:					
Imprest cash	24,150		200		
Encumbrances	1,428,429	100	500,183		39,259
Loans and advances	1,372,800				946,600
General	7,492,002	200,000	1,099,766		1,930,947
Unreserved:					
Unreserved, undesignated, and reported in:					
General fund	9,566,238				
Special revenue funds		319,995	1,788,931		
Capital projects funds					1,245,633
Debt service fund	 	 	 		
Total Fund Balances	 19,883,619	 520,095	 3,389,080		4,162,439
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 21,394,817	\$ 758,146	\$ 3,766,299	\$	4,223,703

	Water	Other			Total
D	evelopment	Governmental			overnmental
	Sinking	Funds			Funds
\$	4,504,332	\$	3,818,195	\$	34,886,348
Ψ		Ψ	48	Ψ	48
			200		24,550
					88,437
					24,295
			174,925		1,034,335
	38,539		16,324		318,115
	697,039				697,039
					2,319,400
¢	5 220 010	¢	4 000 602	Ф	20 202 567
\$	5,239,910	\$	4,009,692	\$	39,392,567
\$		\$	130,873	\$	1,053,018
			676,752		679,200
					1,063,139
					200,000
			807,625		2,995,357
			200		24,550
	16,162		50,767		2,034,900
	697,039		·		3,016,439
	4,567,454		612,098		15,902,267
					9,566,238
			2,211,633		4,320,559
	(40,745)		242,897		1,447,785
			84,472		84,472
	5,239,910		3,202,067		36,397,210
\$	5,239,910	\$	4,009,692	\$	39,392,567

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets - Governmental Activities June 30, 2008

Fund Balance - total governmental funds	\$ 36,397,210
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Deferred charges in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	336,641
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	55,541,242
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the cost of copying and fleet services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of assets. Internal service fund net assets are:	3,570,822
Interest payable on long-term liabilities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not accrued as a liability in the governmental funds.	(93,605)
Deferred revenues represent amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	460,573
Long-term liabilities, including certificates of participation and loans payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Certificates of Participation	(8,760,000)
Loans payable	(73,375)
Compensated absences	 (1,743,781)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 85,635,727

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Social			County
_	 General	 Services	 Road	In	nprovement
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 23,986,236	\$ 	\$ 694,572	\$	
Licenses and permits	836,529		84,158		586,393
Intergovernmental	7,001,564	7,947,094	9,045,412		
Fines and forfeitures	930,149		78,469		
Use of money and property	1,020,912	56,206	69,161		147,637
Charges for services	2,817,025		941,671		3,557
Other	 511,755	 37,818	 14,441		75
Total Revenues	 37,104,170	8,041,118	 10,927,884		737,662
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	5,639,164				
Public protection	25,405,736				
Public ways and facilities	,		8,729,183		
Health and sanitation	700				
Public assistance	127,401	8,927,230			
Education	1,188,628				
Recreation and cultural services	452,087				
Capital outlay	432,007				495,518
Debt Service:					473,310
Principal payments					
Interest and fiscal charges					
	 32,813,716	 8,927,230	 8,729,183		495,518
Total Expenditures	 32,813,710	 8,927,230	 8,729,183		493,318
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over					
(Under) Expenditures	 4,290,454	 (886,112)	 2,198,701		242,144
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in					2,308,333
Transfers out	(3,903,353)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,903,353)				2,308,333
Change in Fund Balances	387,101	(886,112)	2,198,701		2,550,477
Fund Balances, Beginning of Fiscal Year	 19,496,518	1,406,207	 1,190,379		1,611,962
Fund Balances, End of Fiscal Year	\$ 19,883,619	\$ 520,095	\$ 3,389,080	\$	4,162,439

Water	Other	Total					
Development	Governmental	Governmental					
Sinking	Funds	Funds					
\$	\$ 22,640	\$ 24,703,448					
	201,800	1,708,880					
	6,382,786	30,376,856					
	187,996	1,196,614					
217,707	142,403	1,654,026					
	1,697,156	5,459,409					
	465,839	1,029,928					
217,707	9,100,620	66,129,161					
	14,549	5,653,713					
356,955	1,449,447	27,212,138					
		8,729,183					
	8,144,784	8,145,484					
		9,054,631					
		1,188,628					
		452,087					
		495,518					
	434,533	434,533					
	378,054	378,054					
356,955	10,421,367	61,743,969					
(120.240)	(1,220,747)	4 205 102					
(139,248)	(1,320,747)	4,385,192					
	979,000	3,287,333					
		(3,903,353)					
	979,000	(616,020)					
(139,248)	(341,747)	3,769,172					
5,379,158	3,543,814	32,628,038					
\$ 5,239,910	\$ 3,202,067	\$ 36,397,210					

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net change to fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ 3,769,172
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for general capital assets, infrastructure, and other related capital assets adjustments Less: current year depreciation	2,940,309 (2,312,677)	627,632
Revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and, therefore, are not reporte as revenue in the governmental funds. Change in deferred revenue		460,573
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets Principal payments		434,533
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences		(89,316)
Change in unammortized bond issuance cost Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of the		(18,702)
the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		 (346,310)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 4,837,582

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2008

										overnmental
		Business-Ty	ype A	ctivities - Ente				T . 1		Activities
		Wasts			Nonmajor			Total		Internal
	M	Waste anagement		Airport	Enterprise Funds		Enterprise			Service Funds
ASSETS .	1016	anagement		Aliport		Fullus		Funds		Fullus
Current Assets:										
Cash and investments in Pool	\$	9,906	\$	27,600	\$	368,927	\$	406,433	\$	2,988,570
Imprest cash	Ψ		Ψ	100	Ψ		Ψ	100	Ψ	2,200
Accounts receivable		107,663						107,663		_,
Taxes receivable		36,280						36,280		
Due from other governments						38,223		38,223		
Interest receivable		479		363		3,136		3,978		29,616
Total Current Assets		154,328		28,063		410,286		592,677		3,020,386
Noncurrent Assets:										
Restricted Assets:										
Cash and investments in Pool		7,782						7,782		
Capital Assets:		. ,						,,,,,		
Nondepreciable		676,022		1,500,853				2,176,875		15,000
Depreciable, net		257,496		1,270,030				1,527,526		841,232
Total Noncurrent Assets		941,300		2,770,883				3,712,183		856,232
Total Assets	\$	1,095,628	\$	2,798,946	\$	410,286	\$	4,304,860	\$	3,876,618
<u>LIABILITIES</u>										
Current Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	15,576	\$	3,882	\$		\$	19,458	\$	78,653
Deposits held for others			·		·	245,802	·	245,802	·	
Current portion of long-term liabilities:						,		,		
Loans payable				11,747				11,747		
Compensated absences		178		2,113				2,291		38,571
Liability for landfill post-closure costs		191,000						191,000		
Total Current Liabilities		206,754		17,742		245,802		470,298		117,224
Long-term Liabilities:										
Compensated absences		178		2,113				2,291		38,572
Loans payable				110,305				110,305		
Advances from other funds		2,119,400						2,119,400		
Claims liability										150,000
Liability for landfill post-closure costs		6,166,550						6,166,550		
Total Long-term Liabilities		8,286,128		112,418				8,398,546		188,572
Total Liabilities		8,492,882		130,160		245,802		8,868,844		305,796
NET ASSETS										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		933,518		2,648,831				3,582,349		856,232
Unrestricted		(8,330,772)		19,955		164,484		(8,146,333)		2,714,590
Total Net Assets		(7,397,254)		2,668,786		164,484		(4,563,984)		3,570,822
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	1,095,628	\$	2,798,946	\$	410,286	\$	4,304,860	\$	3,876,618

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

					Governmental
	Ви	isiness-Type Activit	ies - Enterprise F	unds	Activities
	Nonmajor Total			Internal	
	Waste		Enterprise	Enterprise	Service
	Management	Airport	Funds	Funds	Funds
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 523,678	\$ 116,437	\$ 35,333	\$ 675,448	\$ 4,594,062
Other	124,533	1,520	7,868	133,921	286
Total Operating Revenues	648,211	117,957	43,201	809,369	4,594,348
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries and benefits	145,757	108,696		254,453	1,363,995
Services and supplies	849,561	91,101	25,711	966,373	3,966,319
Special projects	33,651	16,059		49,710	
Depreciation	7,968	108,990		116,958	285,551
Closure/postclosure	3,500,620			3,500,620	
Total Operating Expenses	4,537,557	324,846	25,711	4,888,114	5,615,865
Operating Income (Loss)	(3,889,346)	(206,889)	17,490	(4,078,745)	(1,021,517)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):					
Taxes	67,640			67,640	
Interest income	3,141	4,184	14,265	21,590	113,907
Intergovernmental revenues	151,361	172,039		323,400	
Interest expense		(7,540)		(7,540)	
Gain (loss) on sale of assets					(4,720)
Total Non-Operating					
Revenues (Expenses)	222,142	168,683	14,265	405,090	109,187
Net Income (Loss) before Transfers	(3,667,204)	(38,206)	31,755	(3,673,655)	(912,330)
Transfers in	50,000			50,000	566,020
Change in Net Assets	(3,617,204)	(38,206)	31,755	(3,623,655)	(346,310)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	(3,780,050)	2,706,992	132,729	(940,329)	3,917,132
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ (7,397,254)	\$ 2,668,786	\$ 164,484	\$ (4,563,984)	\$ 3,570,822

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Total Waste Enterprise Enterprise Management Airport Funds Funds			Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 620,330	\$ 117,957	\$ 39,529	\$ 777,816	\$
Receipts from interfund services provided					4,594,348
Payments to suppliers	12,727	(163,481)	(25,711)	(176,465)	(1,354,479)
Payments to employees	(1,031,122)	(104,470)		(1,135,592)	(3,884,545)
Net Cash Provided (Used)			•		
by Operating Activities	(398,065)	(149,994)	13,818	(534,241)	(644,676)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Interest received	4,408	4,201	14,659	23,268	120,682
Net Cash Provided (Used)					
by Investing Activities	4,408	4,201	14,659	23,268	120,682
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of capital assets					(219,169)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets					22,157
Interest payments on debt		(7,540)		(7,540)	22,137
* *					
Principal payments on debt		(11,077)		(11,077)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(18,617)		(18,617)	(197,012)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital					
Financing Activities:					
Aid from other governmental agencies	151,361	172,039		323,400	
Taxes received	31,360			31,360	
Advances received from other funds	90,800			90,800	
Transfers received from other funds	50,000			50,000	566,020
Net Cash Provided (Used) by					
Non-Capital Financing					
Activities	323,521	172,039		495,560	566,020
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(70,136)	7,629	28 477	(34,030)	(154.086)
and Cash Equivalents	(70,130)	1,029	28,477	(34,030)	(154,986)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	87,824	20,071	340,450	448,345	3,145,756
-					
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 17,688	\$ 27,700	\$ 368,927	\$ 414,315	\$ 2,990,770

continued

Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

									G	overnmental	
	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								Activities		
					Nonmajor Total			Internal			
	,	Waste			E	Enterprise Enterp			e Service		
	Ma	nagement		Airport		Funds		Funds	Funds		
Reconciliation of operating income											
to net cash provided (used) by											
operating activities:											
Operating income (loss)	\$ (3	,889,346)	\$	(206,889)	\$	17,490	\$ (4,078,745)	\$	(1,021,517)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss)											
to net cash provided by operating activities:											
Depreciation		7,968		108,990				116,958		285,551	
Changes in assets and liabilities:											
Accounts receivable		(27,881)						(27,881)			
Accounts payable		12,727		(321)				12,406		41,774	
Compensated absences payable		(2,153)		4,226				2,073		3,147	
Deposits held for others						34,551		34,551			
Other liabilities				(56,000)				(56,000)		46,369	
Due from other governments						(38,223)		(38,223)			
Landfill closure liability	3	,500,620						3,500,620			
Net Cash Provided (Used)											
by Operating Activities		(398,065)	=	(149,994)	_	13,818	=	(534,241)	_	(644,676)	
Recap of Cash and Cash Equivalents, as reported on the Statement of Net Assets											
Cash and investments in Pool	\$	9,906	\$	27,600	\$	368,927	\$	406,433	\$	2,988,570	
Imprest cash				100				100		2,200	
Restricted Assets:											
Cash and investments in Pool		7,782									
	\$	17,688	\$	27,700	\$	368,927	\$	406,533	\$	2,990,770	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2008

	Investment Trust Funds	Agency Funds		
<u>Assets</u>				
Current Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 19,295,219	\$ 12,409,849		
Interest receivable		5,394		
Taxes receivable	 	 2,766,316		
Total Assets	\$ 19,295,219	\$ 15,181,559		
<u>Liabilities and Net Assets</u>				
Current Liabilities:				
Agency obligations	\$ 	\$ 15,181,559		
Net Assets:				
Held in trust for external				
participants	 19,295,219	 		
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 19,295,219	\$ 15,181,559		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Investment		
	Trust			
	Funds			
ADDITIONS:				
Net investment earnings	\$	22,451,578		
Contributions to investment pool		216,408,926		
Total Additions		238,860,504		
DEDUCTIONS:				
Distributions from investment pool		771,277,853		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(532,417,349)		
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING		551,712,568		
NET ASSETS, ENDING	\$	19,295,219		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provided in the financial section of this report are considered an integral and essential part of adequate disclosure and fair presentation of this report. The notes include a summary of significant accounting policies for the County, and other necessary disclosure of pertinent matters relating to the financial position of the County. The notes express significant insight to the financial statements and are conjunctive to understanding the rationale for presentation of the financial statements and information contained in this document.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Reporting Entity

The County of Amador (County), the primary government, is a political subdivision of the State of California. It is governed by an elected board of five County Supervisors. The County provides various services on a county-wide basis including law enforcement, education, detention, social health, fire protection, road construction and maintenance, elections and records, planning, zoning, and tax collection. These financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable under the criteria set by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14.

The decision to include a component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14. The basic criteria used in the determination of component units are financial accountability of the County for the component unit. Financial accountability generally is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and the County's ability to impose its will on the organization.

Reporting for component units on the County's financial statements can be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units, although legally separate entitles, are in substance, part of the government's operations. Blended component units are an extension of the County and so data from these units are combined with the data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. Each component unit has a June 30th year end.

The following entities have been classified as blended component units of the County:

Amador County Public Facilities Amador Fire Protection District Financing Authority Amador IHSS Public Authority Victory Lighting CSA's 5, 6 and 8

The above component units are legally separate entities governed by the County's Board of Supervisors; as such, their financial data has been combined with the County's financial data and presented as blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units – There are no component units of the County which meet the criteria for discrete presentation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which program expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program expenses include direct expenses, which are clearly identifiable with a specific function, and allocated indirect expenses. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, restricted resources are used first before unrestricted resources are used.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. *Operating* revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of each fund. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses include costs of providing services and delivering goods. All other expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating expenses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. **Basis of Presentation** (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the County that are not accounted for through other funds. For the County, the General Fund includes such activities as public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education and recreation services.
- The *Social Service Fund* is used to administer social services that promote job-readiness and self-sufficiency of individuals and families.
- The *Road Fund* is used to account for the planning, design, construction, maintenance and administration of the County's roads and infrastructure.
- The *County Improvement Fund* is used to account for the acquisition and construction of County facilities.
- The *Water Development sinking Fund* is used to account for the development of new or additional water for Amador County.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

- The Waste Management Fund is used to provide for operations and maintenance of the County's closed landfill, the collection and disposal of household hazardous wastes, the development and implementation of recycling and waste reduction and recycling programs countywide.
- The *Airport Fund* is used to operate the County's airport for business and recreational use of County residents and visitors.

The County reports the following additional fund types:

• Internal Service Funds account for the County's fleet maintenance, purchasing and copy services provided to other departments or other governments and the County's self-insurance programs. Activities include the County's self-insurance programs, providing services to County-governed districts, service areas and advisory councils and equipment financing of the County.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. **Basis of Presentation** (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

- The *Investment Trust Fund* accounts for the external portion of the County's Investment Pool which commingles resources of legally separate local governments within the County in an investment portfolio for the benefit of all participants. These entities include school and community college districts, other special districts governed by local boards, regional boards and authorities. These funds represent the assets, primarily cash and investments, and the related liabilities of the County to disburse these monies on demand.
- The *Agency Funds* account for assets held by the County as an agent for the state and various local governments. These funds typically do not involve a formal trust agreement and are used to account for situations where the role is purely custodial such as the receipt, temporary investment or remittance of fiduciary resources.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, and investment trust fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligible requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available ("susceptible to accrual"). Property and sales taxes, interest, state and federal grants and charges for services are accrued when their receipt occurs within sixty days after the end of the accounting period so as to be measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. **Basis of Accounting** (continued)

in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

For its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the County has elected under GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as any applicable pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the Accounting Principles Board or any Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

D. Investments

California Government Code Section 53600, et seq., authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, obligations of the state or any local agency of the State of California, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements or reverse repurchase agreements, medium-term notes issued by corporations and the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund. The County Treasurer may also invest in certain open-ended mutual funds permitted by the Government Code.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, investments are reported on the statement of net assets/balance sheet at their fair value and all changes in fair value are reflected in income. Fair values were obtained from custodial statements for all investments. Investments are marked to fair value annually and an adjustment is made to each fund accordingly. The fair value of each participant's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares determined on a dollar-to-dollar basis, adjusted for investment income distributed at the end of each quarter. Only a withdrawal from the pool of a size that jeopardizes pool participants would cause the withdrawal to be done at market value.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the enterprise and internal service funds consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, and their equity in the County Treasurer's Investment Pool, to be cash equivalents.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Accounts Receivable and Deferred Revenues

Receivables consist mostly of amounts due from other agencies. Management believes its receivables are fully collectible and, accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

The County reports unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when the County receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability of unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

G. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as a long-term liability in the government-wide financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. In accordance with the provisions of Statement No. 16 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulated sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

H. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed. Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general fixed assets consisting of

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

I. Capital Assets (continued)

certain improvements including roads, bridges, water/sewer, lighting system, draining systems, and flood control. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment and \$10,000 for buildings and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized (assets under capital leases) using the straight-line method over the lesser of the capital lease period or their estimated useful lives in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Infrastructure 20 to 60 years Structures and improvements 15 to 60 years Equipment 3 to 20 years

The County has five networks of infrastructure assets – roads, water/sewer, lighting, drainage, and flood control.

J. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

K. Other Assets

<u>Inventory</u>: Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. In governmental funds, inventories are valued at cost. In proprietary funds, they are valued at lower of cost or market. Cost is determined by using either the weighted average or the first-in, first-out method. The consumption method of accounting of inventory is used where cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used. For the governmental fund types, the reserve for inventory indicates that a portion of the fund balance is not an available financial resource.

<u>Prepaid Items</u>: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the general purpose financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amount of revenue and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

The County sponsors an investment pool that is managed by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities. Cash and investments for most County activities are included in the investment pool. Interest earned on the investment pool is distributed quarterly to the participating funds using a formula based on the average daily cash balance of each fund. The County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, to support the value of shares in the Treasurer's Investment Pool.

The investment pool includes both voluntary and involuntary participation from external entities. The State of California statutes require certain special districts and other governmental entities to maintain their cash surplus with the County Treasurer.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u> (continued)

The County investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Investments made by the Treasurer are regulated by the California Government Code and by the County's investment policy. The objectives of the policy are in order of priority: safety, liquidity, yield, and public trust. The County has established a treasury oversight committee to monitor and review the management of public funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with Article 6, Section 27131 of the California Government Code. The oversight committee and the Board of Supervisors review and approve the investment policy annually. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the members of the oversight committee and the investment pool participants. The report covers the type of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual costs and fair value.

At June 30, 2008, total County cash and investments were as follows:

Cash:		
Cash on hand	\$	431,968
Deposits		2,427,888
Outstanding warrants		(5,785,069)
Total cash overdrafts	_	(2,925,213)
Investments:		
In Treasurer's pool		72,946,264
Held with fiscal agents		48
Total investments	_	72,946,312
Total cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	70,021,099

Total cash and investments at June 30, 2008 were presented on the County's financial statements as follows:

	Primary			Trust		Agency		
	(Government		Fund	Funds			Total
County Investment Pool:								_
Unrestricted	\$	38,281,351	\$	19,295,219	\$	12,409,849	\$	69,986,419
Restricted for Closure/Postclosure		7,782						7,782
Total in County Investment Pool		38,289,133		19,295,219		12,409,849		69,994,201
Cash with fiscal agents		48						48
Imprest cash		26,850						26,850
Total	\$	38,316,031	\$	19,295,219	\$	12,409,849	\$	70,021,099

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u> (continued)

<u>Deposits – Custodial Risk</u>

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure the County's cash deposits by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the County's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure County deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the County's total cash deposits.

Investments

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the County by the California Government Code or the County's investment policy, where more restrictive. The table also identifies certain provisions of the County's investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration risk.

Authorized	Maximum	Maximum Percentage	Maximum Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Bills	1 Year	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities (Excluding Discount Notes)	5 Years	75%	35%
U.S. Agency Discount Notes	1 Year	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 Days	25%	5%
Commercial Paper - Select Agencies	270 Days	25%	5%
Commercial Paper - Other Agencies	270 Days	25%	5%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	3 Years	25%	5%
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit	3 Years	25%	5%
Repurchase Agreements	180 Days	20%	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	3 years	25%	5%
Money Market Funds	N/A	10%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$40 Million
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)	N/A	None	\$15 Million
CalTRUST	N/A	None	\$5 Million
Passbook Savings/Demand Deposit/Checking Accounts	N/A	None	None

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u> (continued)

<u>Investments</u> (continued)

At June 30, 2008, the County had the following investments:

	Interest Rates	Maturities	Par		Fair Value				Fair Carrying Value Value		Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Investments in Investment Pool	Ruics	Matarities	<u> </u>		_	v uruc	_	varue	maturity (Tears)		
U.S. Treasury Notes	2.625% - 4.875%	10/15/08 - 3/31/12	\$	4,000,000	\$	4,069,533	\$	4,013,646	1.36		
U.S. Government Agencies	2.625% - 7.000%	8/15/08 - 6/26/13		20,900,000		21,134,023		20,978,007	3.01		
Corporate Medium-Term Notes	3.125% - 7.375%	7/15/08 - 3/15/10		9,000,000		9,077,870		9,082,902	0.79		
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)	N/A	On Demand		7,796,633		7,796,633		7,796,633	0.00		
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	On Demand		31,075,076		31,073,529		31,075,076	0.00		
Total			\$	72,771,709	\$	73,151,588	\$	72,946,264	1.05		
Invetments outside Investment Pool Cash held with fiscal agent											
Money market mutual funds			\$	48	\$	48	\$	48	0.00		
			\$	48	\$	48	\$	48	0.00		

Pooled investments are carried at cost or amortized cost. In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31, the County calculated the fair value of all investments included in the pooled investments based on quoted market prices. At June 30, 2008 the difference between the cost and fair value of cash and investments was not material (fair value was 100.28% of carrying value). Therefore, an adjustment to fair value was not required.

Interest Rate Risk

The County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to five years or less in accordance with its investment policy.

Credit Risk

State law and the County's Investment Policy limit investments in commercial paper to the rating of A1 by Standards & Poor's or P-1 by Moody's Investors Service. State law and the County's Investment Policy also limit investments in corporate bonds to the rating of A by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. The County does not have credit limits on government agency securities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u> (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2008, in accordance with state law and the County's Investment Policy, the County did not have 5% or more of its net investment in commercial paper, corporate bonds or medium term notes of a single organization, nor did it have 10% or more of its net investment in any one money market mutual fund. Investments in obligations of the U.S. government, U.S. government agencies, or government-sponsored enterprises are exempt from these limitations.

The following is a summary of the credit quality distribution and concentration of credit risk by investment type as a percentage of the County Investment Pool's fair value at June 30, 2008.

		Based on
		Fair Value % of
S.R.D	Moody's	Portfolio
501	Wilduy S	101110110
AAA	Aaa	5.56%
AAA	Aaa	6.72%
AAA	Aaa	6.93%
AAA	Aaa	8.33%
AAA	Aaa	6.91%
AA	Aa2	0.69%
AAA	Aaa	0.69%
AA-	Aa3	0.68%
AAA	Aaa	2.77%
AA-	Aa3	0.70%
A	A2	1.37%
AAA	Aaa	0.69%
AA-	Aa2	1.38%
AA	Aa2	0.71%
AA+	Aa1	0.68%
AA+	Aa1	2.05%
AAAm	Unrated	10.66%
Unrated	Unrated	42.48%
		100.00%
	AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AA	AAA

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u> (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, the County's investment pool had no securities exposed to custodial credit risk.

Local Agency Investment Fund

The County Treasurer's Pool maintains an investment in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), managed by the State Treasurer. This fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, but is required to invest according to California State Code. Participants in the pool include voluntary and involuntary participants, such as special districts and school districts for which there are legal provisions regarding their investments. The Local Investment Advisor Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute. The value of the County's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amortized cost. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

At June 30, 2008, the County's investment position in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) was \$31,075,076 which approximates fair value. The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF on that day was approximately \$70 billion. Of that amount, 85.28% was invested in non-derivative financial products and 14.72% in structured notes and asset-backed securities. Fair value is based on information provided by the state for the Local Agency Investment Fund.

County Investment Pool Condensed Financial Statements

The following represents a condensed statement of net assets and changes in net assets for the Treasurer's investment pool as of June 30, 2008:

Statement of Net Assets

Net assets held for pool participants	\$ 69,994,201
Equity of internal pool participants	\$ 50,698,982
Equity of external pool participants	 19,295,219
Total net assets	\$ 69,994,201

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u> (continued)

County Investment Pool Condensed Financial Statements (continued)

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Investment earnings	\$ 3,217,048
Investment expenses	(277,504)
Net withdrawals by pool participants	 (651,056)
Increase in Net Assets	2,288,488
Net Aassets at July 1, 2007	 67,705,713
Net assets at June 30, 2008	\$ 69,994,201

Note 3: **Interfund Transactions**

Advances to/from other funds:

Receivable From	Payable Fund	Amount	Purpose			
General Fund	Social Services	\$ 200,000	Initial deposit to establish department			
	Waste Management	1,172,800 1,372,800	Project financing			
County Improvement	Waste Management	946,600	Project financing			
		\$ 2,319,400				

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 3: <u>Interfund Transactions</u> (continued)

Transfers:

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various County operations and re-allocations of special revenue. The following schedule briefly summarizes the County's transfer activities;

Transfer From	er From Transfer To		
General Fund	County Improvement Other Governmental Funds Internal Service Funds Airport Enterprise	\$ 2,308,333 979,000 566,020 50,000	
		<u>\$ 3,072,521</u>	

Note 4: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Balance			Transfers &	Balance		
	_ July 1, 2007	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	June 30, 2008		
Governmental Activities							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 4,694,096	\$	\$	\$	\$ 4,694,096		
Construction in progress	8,499,563	2,026,923			10,526,486		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	13,193,659	2,026,923			15,220,582		
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Infrastructure	40,921,270				40,921,270		
Structures and improvements	37,151,987				37,151,987		
Equipment	14,478,247	1,132,555	(951,785)		14,659,017		
Total capital assets, being depreciated	92,551,504	1,132,555	(951,785)		92,732,274		
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Infrastructure	(32,180,414)	(693,116)			(32,873,530)		
Structures and improvements	(6,297,724)	(874,414)			(7,172,138)		
Equipment	(11,403,926)	(1,030,695)	924,907		(11,509,714)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(49,882,064)	(2,598,225)	924,907		(51,555,382)		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	42,669,440	(1,465,670)	(26,878)		41,176,892		
Government activities capital assets, net	\$ 55,863,099	\$ 561,253	\$ (26,878)	\$	\$ 56,397,474		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 4: <u>Capital Assets</u> (continued)

	-	Balance ly 1, 2007	Additions Dele		Transfers & Adjustments			Ju	Balance ine 30, 2008	
Business-Type Activities								<u> </u>		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	2,176,875	\$		\$		\$		\$	2,176,875
Construction in progress										
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		2,176,875								2,176,875
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Infrastructure		1,580,953								1,580,953
Structures and improvements		1,333,717								1,333,717
Equipment		82,758				(8,017)				74,741
Total capital assets, being depreciated		2,997,428				(8,017)				2,989,411
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Infrastructure		(762,423)		(37,718)						(800,141)
Structures and improvements		(529,558)		(76,625)						(606,183)
Equipment		(60,963)		(2,615)		8,017				(55,561)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,352,944)		(116,958)		8,017				(1,461,885)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,644,484		(116,958)						1,527,526
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	3,821,359	\$	(116,958)	\$		\$		\$	3,704,401

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

		Total
General government	\$	735,040
Public protection		745,513
Public ways		778,780
Health and sanitation		28,058
Public assistance		16,928
Education		4,634
Culture and recreation		3,724
Depreciation on capital assets held by the County's internal		
service funds are charged to various functions based on their		
usage of the assets	_	285,548
Total	\$	2,598,225

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 4: Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type functions as follows:

	 Total
Waste Management	\$ 7,968
Airport	 108,990
Total	\$ 116,958

Note 5: **Long-Term Debt**

Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2008 consisted of the following:

	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rates	Annual Principal Installments	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding at June 30, 2007
Governmental Activities						
2005 Certificates of Participation construct County Administration Building	8/1/2005	10/1/2025	4.00%	\$330,000 - \$670,000	\$ 9,090,000	\$ 8,760,000
purchase of land at 13775 Mount Zion Road, Pine Grove	11/9/2004	11/9/2009	4.29%	\$31,664 - \$37,457	172,500	73,374
Total Governmental Activities					\$ 9,262,500	\$ 8,833,374
Business-Type Activities						
Notes payable	2001	2018	5.66%	\$8,391 - \$16,446	\$ 194,000	\$ 122,052
Total Business-Type Activities					\$ 194,000	\$ 122,052

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 5: **Long-Term Debt** (continued)

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions for the year ended June 30, 2008:

										Amounts
		Balance						Balance	Ι	Oue Within
	J	uly 1, 2007		Additions	R	etirements	Jı	ine 30, 2008		One Year
Governmental Activities										
Certificates of participation	\$	9,090,000	\$		\$	330,000	\$	8,760,000	\$	340,000
Notes Payable - Fire Protection District		177,907				104,532		73,375		35,917
Compensated absences		1,722,093		98,831				1,820,924		910,461
Liability for self-insurance		110,000	_	108,269	_	68,269		150,000		
Total Governmental Activities										
Long-term liabilities	\$	11,100,000	\$	207,100	\$	502,801	\$	10,804,299	\$	1,286,378
Business-type Activities										
Notes Payable - Airport	\$	133,128	\$		\$	11,076	\$	122,052	\$	11,747
Compensated absences		2,509		2,073				4,582		2,291
Post-closure liability	_	2,856,930		3,500,620				6,357,550		191,000
Total Business-type Activities										
Long-term liabilities	\$	2,992,567	\$	3,502,693	\$	11,076	\$	6,484,184	\$	205,038

As of June 30, 2008, annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Certific	ates of Participat	ion Notes	Payable	
June 30:	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2009	\$ 340,00	00 \$ 354,41	19 \$ 35,917	\$ 3,148	
2010	355,00	00 340,51	19 37,458	1,607	
2011	370,00	00 326,01			
2012	385,00	00 310,91			
2013	400,00	00 295,21			
2014-2018	2,245,00	00 1,218,59	94		
2019-2023	2,735,00	00 717,61			
2024-2026	1,930,00	00 129,06			
	\$ 8,760,00	00 \$ 3,692,36	\$ 73,375	\$ 4,755	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 5: **Long-Term Debt** (continued)

As of June 30, 2008, annual debt service requirements of business activities to maturity are as follows:

		Business Activities					
Year Ending		Loan	ıs Pay	able			
June 30:]	Principal		Interest			
	'						
2009	\$	11,747	\$	6,913			
2010		12,419		6,247			
2011		13,090		5,544			
2012		13,761		4,803			
2013		14,433		4,023			
2014-2017		56,602		7,539			
	\$	122,052	\$	35,069			

Claims and judgments will be paid from the County's Insurance Fund. Compensated absences liabilities will be paid by several of the County's funds, including the general fund, five special revenue funds, three internal service funds, and one enterprise fund. Historically, 96 percent of these costs have been paid from the County's governmental funds, with the remaining 4 percent paid from its proprietary funds.

Special Assessment Debt: The total matured and unmatured bonds outstanding related to special assessment debt is \$559,327 at June 30, 2008. The County acts as an agent for the property owners in collecting special assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders and initiating foreclosure proceedings, when appropriate. The County is not liable for repayment of the special assessment debt, and accordingly, they are not reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements. Cash held on deposit of \$187,618 and corresponding amounts payable are reported in the Agency Fund.

Note 6: Landfill Closure and Postclosure Maintenance Costs

The Buena Vista Landfill, located in Amador County, is used as the County's landfill site. State and federal laws and regulations require that the County place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. During fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the landfill was closed and no longer accepts waste. As of June 30, 2008, additional work was required to perform correction construction work which would complete closure activities for the landfill, pending certification by the state.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 6: Landfill Closure and Postclosure Maintenance Costs (continued)

The recognition of the estimated liability for closure and post closure maintenance costs is based on the estimated remaining life of the landfill. The estimated liability of the County's landfill site for closure and postclosure maintenance costs was \$6,357,550 for fiscal year 2008, and was based on 100% usage (filled) of the landfill. It is estimated that no additional liability will be recognized as closure and postclosure maintenance costs because the landfill has been closed. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and postclosure maintenance cost of \$6,357,550 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities and services required to close, monitor and maintain the landfills were acquired as of the balance sheet date. However, the costs for landfill closure and post closure maintenance are based on yearly estimates, reviewed by the California Integrated Waste Management Board, as prepared by the County. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a trust fund to finance closure and post closure cost. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and at June 30, 2008, cash and investments of \$7,782 are held for these purposes. These are reported as restricted assets on the Landfill Enterprise statement of net assets. Future landfill revenues have been pledged to fulfill financial assurance requirements. Also, the County's general fund will cover the remainder of the estimated costs not covered by restricted cash and investments or pledged revenues.

Note 7: **Public Employee Retirement System**

Plan Description

The County contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan for its miscellaneous plan. The County also contributes to the PERS cost-sharing multipler-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan for its safety employees. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute. Copies of PERS' annual financial reports may be obtained from their Executive Office located at 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 7: Public Employee Retirement System (continued)

Funding Policy

County employees are required by state statute to contribute 7% for miscellaneous employees and 9% for safety employees of their annual covered salary. The County makes the contributions required of County employees on their behalf and for their account which amounted to \$1,733,357 for the year ended June 30, 2008. The County is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the PERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rates for fiscal year 2007-2008 were 11.283% for miscellaneous employees and 23.59% for public safety employees. The contributions requirements of the plan members are established by states statute and the employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by PERS.

Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2007-2008, the County's annual pension cost of \$3,365,651 for PERS was equal to the County's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2005 actuarial assumptions included 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and projected annual salary increases that vary by duration of service ranging from 3.25% to 14.45% for miscellaneous members and include an inflation component of 3.0%. The actuarial value of PERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a two to five year period depending on the size of investment gains and losses.

PERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability (or surplus) is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis.

Three-Year Trend Information for PERS

	Annual	Percentage	Net
	Pension	of APC	Pension
Fiscal Year	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
06/30/06	\$ 2,486,481	100%	\$
06/30/07	1,610,238	100%	
06/30/08	3,365,651	100%	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 7: Public Employee Retirement System (continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The following is the funded status information for the County's miscellaneous plan as of June 30, 2007, the most recent actuarial valuation date:

Entry age normal accrued liability	\$ 80,683,864
Actuarial value of assets	73,474,207
Unfunded (overfunded) liability (UAAC)	7,209,657
Funded ratio	91.1%
Annual covered payroll	17,250,905
UAAL as a % of payroll	41.8%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Note 8: **Property Taxes**

The County levies property taxes July 1 on assessed values established on the lien date of the previous January 1 for all taxable property located within the County. Local assessed values are determined subject to appeal before the Assessment Appeals Board, by the County Assessor's Office. Locally assessed real property is appraised at the 1975-76 base year value and is adjusted each year after 1975 by the change in the California Consumer Price Index not to exceed an increase of 2% per year.

Article XIII-A of the California Constitution (Proposition 13) requires the County Assessor to reappraise all property from the 1975-76 base year value to current full value upon either a change in ownership or new construction. Thereafter, it continues to be increased annually by the change in the California Consumer Price Index not to exceed 2%. The net asset value for the 2007-2008 fiscal year is \$4.3 billion.

The County is permitted by Division 1, Part 0.5, Chapter 5.5, of the California Revenue and Taxation Code, to levy taxes up to \$1.00 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services other than the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds or other indebtedness approved by voters prior to July 1, 1978. Taxes are allocated to local agencies and school districts as outlined in Chapter 6 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code.

Taxes are due in one installment (unsecured roll) when billed and are subject to late payment penalties if paid after August 31, or two installments (secured roll) due on November 1 and March 1, and subject to the late payment penalties if paid after

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 8: **Property Taxes** (continued)

December 10 and April 10, respectively. Additionally, supplemental property taxes are levied on a pro rata basis when changes in assessed valuation occur due to sales transactions or the completion of construction.

The County and its political subdivisions operate under the provisions of Sections 4701-4717 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. This provision is otherwise known as the "Teeter Plan." Under this method, the accounts of political subdivisions that adopted the Teeter Plan and levy taxes on the County tax roll are credited with 100% of their respective secured tax levy, regardless of the actual payments and delinquencies. This method then provides for Teetered delinquent penalties and redemptions to flow to the County's general fund.

Pursuant to Section 4703 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code, all counties electing to operate under the "Teeter Plan," are required to maintain a Property Tax Losses Reserve Fund. The fund is used to cover losses that may occur in the amount of tax liens as a result of special sales of tax-defaulted property. Whenever in any year the amount of the Tax Losses Reserve Fund has reached an amount equivalent to 1% of the total of all taxes and assessments levied on the secured roll for that year, the excess may be credited to the County's General Fund. The Tax Losses Reserve Fund balance is in excess of the statutory 1% minimum.

Note 9: **Risk Management**

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The County is a member of the County supervisors Association of California Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk manager and insurance program for counties. Should actual losses among pool participants be greater than anticipated, the County will be assessed its prorate share of the deficiency. Conversely, if the actual pool losses are less than anticipated, the County will be refunded its prorate share of the excess. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The County maintains a risk management internal service fund (Self-Insurance Fund) to consolidate the County's fully insured Worker's Compensation program and the general liability, medical malpractice and property insurance programs that are partially self-insured. Fund revenues are primarily premium charges to other funds and are planned to equal workers' compensation premiums, estimated payments resulting from self-insurance programs, liability insurance coverage in excess of the self-insured amount and operating expenses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 9: **Risk Management** (continued)

The County maintains a self-insured retention (SIR) of \$100,000 for its general liability program, \$10,000 per occurrence for its medical malpractice program and \$5,000 for its property program. A commercial insurance policy has been purchased, that covers all SIR related losses except for the first \$10,000. Losses which exceed the SIR are covered by the excess insurance policy described above.

The Total claims liability of \$150,000 at June 30, 2008, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 10, as amended by GASB Statement No. 30. These statements require that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Estimates of the liabilities for incurred (both reported and unreported) but unpaid claims, are based on claims loss reports. Liabilities are based on the estimated cost of settling the claims.

Changes in the County's claims liabilities amount for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, were as follows:

•

•••

	 2008	 2007
Unpaid claims, beginning of year Estimated claims incurred and adjustments Claims payments	\$ 110,000 108,269 (68,269)	\$ 190,000 (26,494) (53,506)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 150,000	\$ 110,000

Note 10: Net Assets/Fund Balances

The government-wide and business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as invested capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

• Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 10: Net Assets/Fund Balances (continued)

- Restricted Net Assets This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Included in governmental activities restricted net assets at June 30, 2008, are net assets restricted by enabling legislation of \$242,897.
- *Unrestricted Net Assets* This category represents net assets of the County, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In the fund financial statements, reserves and designations segregate portions of fund balance that are either not available or have been earmarked for specific purposes. The various reserves and designations are established by actions of the Board and management and can be increased, reduced or eliminated by similar actions.

As of June 30, 2008, reservations of fund balance are described below:

The term "reserved" is used to indicate that a portion of reported fund balance is (1) legally restricted to a specific use or (2) not available for appropriation or expenditure. The County's management will sometimes designate portions of unreserved (available) fund balance based on tentative future spending plans.

Designated portions of fund balance represent financial resources legally available for uses other than those tentatively planned.

The County has "reserved" fund balances as follows:

- Reserve for Imprest Cash was created to represent the portion of the fund balance that is not available for expenditure because the County maintains various levels of revolving funds for daily operations.
- Reserve for Inventory was created to represent the portion of the fund balance that is not available for expenditure because the County expects to use these resources within the next budgetary period.
- Reserve for Encumbrances was created to represent encumbrances outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, based on purchase orders and contracts signed by the County but not completed as of the close of the fiscal year.
- Reserve for Loans and Advances was created to represent long-term receivables and interfund loans not available to finance current year expenditures.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 10: Net Assets/Fund Balances (continued)

- Reserve for Debt Service was created to reflect the funds held by trustees or fiscal agents for future payment of bond principal and interest. These funds are not available for general operations.
- Reserve for General was created to represent the portion of fund equity the County expects to use for unpredicted future events.

Note 11: **Joint Venture**

Central Sierra Child Support Agency

The Central Sierra Child Support Agency (the Agency) acts as the local child support agency for Amador, Alpine and Calaveras counties. The Agency operates under a Joint Powers Agreement between Amador, Alpine and Calaveras counties and in compliance with the applicable standards and regulations set forth by the State of California. Central Sierra Child Support Agency has an independent governing board including members from the Board of Supervisors of Amador, Alpine and Calaveras counties. The Agency is a public agency, which is separate and apart from its constituent county. Financial statements for the Authority can be obtained by contacting the Authority at 639 New York Ranch Road, Jackson CA 95642.

Note 12: **Contingent Liabilities**

Federal Grants – The County participates in several federal and state grant programs. These programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the federal Single Audit Act of 1984 and applicable state requirements. No cost disallowances were proposed as a result of these audits. However, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 13: **Operating Lease Commitments**

The County has commitments under long-term operating lease agreements for leased office space. Total rent expense under operating lease agreements during the year ended June 30, 2008 was approximately \$714,000.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 13: **Operating Lease Commitments** (continued)

The minimum rental payments required under the operating lease commitments at June 30, 2008, was as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2009	\$ 1,428,840
2010	1,428,840
2011	1,428,840
2012	1,428,840
2013	1,428,840
2014-2018	7,144,200
2019-2023	6,429,780
	\$ 20,718,180

Note 14: **Subsequent Events**

Court Facilities Transfer

In compliance with California's Trial Court Facilities Act of 2002, the County transferred county-owned court facilities to the State of California on August 25, 2008. The County incurred \$8,053,579 in costs to renovate its former administrative facility as the final step in completing the transition of court facilities from the County's responsibility to State of California.

Issuance of Clean Renewable Energy Bonds

On April 25, 2006, the County submitted an application to the Internal Revenue Service for the authority to issue \$2,300,000 in Clean Renewable Energy Bonds (CREBs). The CREBs program is a special no interest federal loan program for financing qualified renewable energy projects. The U.S. Congress imposed a maximum limit of \$800 million for the program as a whole. Of this amount, \$500 million was allocated to qualified borrowers that are government agencies. The County's application included construction, installation and operation of a solar energy facility at the Amador County Administration Building, 810 Court Street, Jackson, California.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2008

Note 14: **Subsequent Events** (continued)

On November 13, 2006, the County was notified that the IRS has accepted the County's request for CREBs funding as described above. On November 21, 2008, the County issued CREBs bonds with a face amount of \$783,625. Proceeds of the bonds were transferred to Municipal Finance Corporation, a component unit of the State of California, for the purpose of reimbursing the State for the cost of acquiring and installing the solar energy facility. Principal payments are due annually in the amount of \$52,242. The bonds mature November 2022.



Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

The table below shows a three-year analysis of the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of the annual covered payroll as of June 30:

SAFETY PLAN

This information is no longer available for the Safety Plan. Information is available on a pooled-basis only and can be obtained from CalPERS, P.O. Box 942709, Sacramento, CA 94229-2709.

MISCELLANEOUS PLAN

Actuarial Valuation Date	Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability	Actuarial Asset Value	Underfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Underfunded Actuarial Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll
06/30/05	\$ 67,435,716	\$ 62,910,979	\$ 4,524,737	93.3%	14,522,614	31.2%
06/30/06	73,493,638	67,460,456	6,033,182	91.8%	15,619,449	38.6%
06/30/07	80,683,864	73,474,207	7,209,657	91.1%	17,250,905	41.8%

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

REVENUES:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Taxes	\$ 20,120,000	\$ 20,120,000	\$ 23,986,236	\$ 3,866,236
Licenses and permits	858,069	921,569	836,529	(85,040)
Intergovernmental	9,456,114	10,448,306	7,001,564	(3,446,742)
Fines and forfeitures	2,245,038	2,245,038	930,149	(1,314,889)
Use of money and property	604,950	604,950	1,020,912	415,962
Charges for services	3,466,919	3,552,940	2,817,025	(735,915)
Other	469,763	456,161	511,755	55,594
Total Revenue	37,220,853	38,348,964	37,104,170	(1,244,794)
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	9,757,674	10,755,283	5,639,164	5,116,119
Public Protection:	26,756,015	28,330,022	25,405,736	2,924,286
Health and Sanitation:			700	(700)
Public Assistance:	127,135	129,155	127,401	1,754
Education:	1,267,328	1,286,193	1,188,628	97,565
Culture and Recreation:	421,134	503,015	452,087	50,928
Total Expenditures	38,329,286	41,003,668	32,813,716	8,189,952
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,108,433)	(2,654,704)	4,290,454	6,945,158
Contingency	(1,259,829)	(921,079)		921,079
Transfers	(3,665,020)	(3,655,020)	(3,903,353)	(248,333)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,924,849)	(4,576,099)	(3,903,353)	672,746
Net change in fund balance	(6,033,282)	(7,230,803)	387,101	7,617,904
Fund balance, beginning of fiscal year	19,496,518	19,496,518	19,496,518	
Fund balance, end of fiscal year	\$ 13,463,236	\$ 12,265,715	\$ 19,883,619	\$ 7,617,904

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Social Services For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 10,100,563	\$ 10,100,563	7,947,094	\$ (2,153,469)
Use of money and property			56,206	56,206
Other	77,800	77,800	37,818	(39,982)
Total Revenue	10,178,363	10,178,363	8,041,118	(2,137,245)
Expenditures: Current:				
Public assistance	10,178,363	10,178,363	8,927,230	1,251,133
Total Expenditures	10,178,363	10,178,363	8,927,230	1,251,133
Change in Fund Balance			(886,112)	(886,112)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Fiscal Year	1,406,207	1,406,207	1,406,207	
Fund Balance, End of Fiscal Year	\$ 1,406,207	\$ 1,406,207	\$ 520,095	\$ (886,112)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Road For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	Originar	1 11101	Timounts	(Treguitre)		
Taxes	\$ 812,000	\$ 812,000	\$ 694,572	(117,428)		
Licenses and permits	90,400	90,400	84,158	(6,242)		
Intergovernmental	9,401,469	9,692,224	9,045,412	(646,812)		
Fines and forfeitures	45,000	45,000	78,469	33,469		
Use of money and property	20,000	20,000	69,161	49,161		
Charges for services	955,000	955,000	941,671	(13,329)		
Other			14,441	14,441		
Total Revenue	11,323,869	11,614,624	10,927,884	(686,740)		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Ways	10,421,074	10,832,063	8,729,183	2,102,880		
Total Expenditures	10,421,074	10,832,063	8,729,183	2,102,880		
Change in Fund Balance	902,795	782,561	2,198,701	1,416,140		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Fiscal Year	1,190,379	1,190,379	1,190,379			
Fund Balance, End of Fiscal Year	\$ 2,093,174	\$ 1,972,940	\$ 3,389,080	\$ 1,416,140		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 and 29143, inclusive, of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares a budget for each fiscal year on or before August 30. Budgeted expenditures are enacted into law through the passage of an Appropriation Ordinance. This ordinance mandates the maximum authorized expenditures for the fiscal year and cannot be exceeded except by subsequent amendments to the budget by the County's Board of Supervisors.

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for all Governmental Funds. Expenditures are controlled at the object level within budget units for the County. The object level within a budget unit is the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations. Any amendments or transfers of appropriations between object levels within the same budget unit or between departments or funds are approved by the Board of Supervisors. Budgeted amounts in the budgetary financial schedules are reported as originally adopted and as amended during the fiscal year by resolutions approved by the Board of Supervisors.

The budget approved by the Board of Supervisors for the general fund includes budgeted expenditures and reimbursements for amounts disbursed on behalf of other Governmental Funds. Actual reimbursements for these items have been eliminated in the accompanying budgetary financial schedules. Accordingly, the related budgets for these items have also been eliminated in order to provide a meaningful comparison of actual and budgeted results of operations.

Budgets are adopted on a basis which materially conforms to generally accepted accounting principles. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

A	Special Revenue		Capital Projects		Debt Service		 Totals
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and investments	\$	3,493,126	\$	240,988	\$	84,081	\$ 3,818,195
Cash with fiscal agent			Ċ			48	48
Imprest cash		200					200
Due from other governments		174,925					174,925
Interest receivable		14,072		1,909		343	16,324
Total Assets	\$	3,682,323	\$	242,897	\$	84,472	\$ 4,009,692
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	130,873	\$		\$		\$ 130,873
Due to other governments		676,752					 676,752
Total Liabilities		807,625					 807,625
Fund Balances:							
Reserved:							
Imprest cash		200					200
Encumbrances		50,767					50,767
General		612,098					612,098
Unreserved:							
Undesignated		2,211,633		242,897		84,472	2,539,002
Total Fund Balances		2,874,698		242,897		84,472	 3,202,067
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,682,323	\$	242,897	\$	84,472	\$ 4,009,692

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Special		Capital		Debt	
	Revenue		Projects		Service	Total
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	22,640	\$		\$	\$ 22,640
Licenses and permits			201,8	00		201,800
Intergovernmental		6,382,786				6,382,786
Fines and forfeitures		187,996				187,996
Use of money and property		129,101	6,4	23	6,879	142,403
Charges for services		1,629,956			67,200	1,697,156
Other		442,267	23,5	72		465,839
Total Revenues		8,794,746	231,7	95	74,079	 9,100,620
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government			14,5	49		14,549
Public protection		1,449,447				1,449,447
Health and sanitation		8,144,784				8,144,784
Debt Service:						
Principal payments		104,533			330,000	434,533
Interest and fiscal charges		8,949			369,105	 378,054
Total Expenditures		9,707,713	14,5	49_	699,105	 10,421,367
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over						
(Under) Expenditures		(912,967)	217,2	46_	(625,026)	 (1,320,747)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		279,000			700,000	979,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		279,000			700,000	979,000
Change in Fund Balances		(633,967)	217,2	46	74,974	(341,747)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Fiscal Year		3,508,665	25,6	51_	9,498	 3,543,814
Fund Balances, End of Fiscal Year	\$	2,874,698	\$ 242,8	97	\$ 84,472	\$ 3,202,067

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2008

	Memorial Hall	Mental Health	Health	Fish & Game
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and investments	\$ 195,889	\$ 590,835	\$ 1,028,097	\$ 26,062
Imprest cash				
Due from other governments		5,313	159,278	
Interest receivable	1,688	1,153	4,150	
Total Assets	\$ 197,577	\$ 597,301	\$ 1,191,525	\$ 26,062
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	\$ 26,361	\$ 39,666	\$
Due to other governments				
Total Liabilities		26,361	39,666	
Fund Balances:				
Reserved:				
Imprest cash				
Encumbrances			47,837	
General	190,579	100,000	100,000	9,438
Unreserved:				
Unreserved, undesginated	6,998	470,940	1,004,022	16,624
Total Fund Balances	197,577	570,940	1,151,859	26,062
Total Liabilities and				
Fund Balances	\$ 197,577	\$ 597,301	\$ 1,191,525	\$ 26,062

Combining Balance Sheet (continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2008

	Mi	iscellaneous	erned ervisors						
	1,11	Special		oy coun	ty I	IHSS		Amador	
		Revenue	,	Victory	Public		Fire		
		Funds		Lighting		Authority		rotection	Totals
Assets									
Cash and investments	\$	980,047	\$	28,054	\$	11,916	\$	632,226	\$ 3,493,126
Imprest cash						100		100	200
Due from other governments						10,334			174,925
Interest receivable				239		365		6,477	14,072
Total Assets	\$	980,047	\$	28,293	\$	22,715	\$	638,803	\$ 3,682,323
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	194	\$	64,652	\$ 130,873
Due to other governments		676,752							676,752
Total Liabilities		676,752				194		64,652	807,625
Fund Balances:									
Reserved:									
Imprest cash						100		100	200
Encumbrances						2,129		801	50,767
General				24,960		46,951		140,170	612,098
Unreserved:									
Unreserved, undesginated		303,295		3,333		(26,659)		433,080	2,211,633
Total Fund Balances		303,295		28,293		22,521		574,151	2,874,698
Total Liabilities and									
Fund Balances	\$	980,047	\$	28,293	\$	22,715	\$	638,803	\$ 3,682,323

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Revenues:		emorial Hall		Mental Health		Health		Fish & Game
Taxes	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Intergovernmental	Ф		Ф	2,440,687	Ф	3,145,100	Ф	
Fines and forfeitures				84,009		88,921		15,066
Use of money and property		8,035		14,833		72,840		436
Charges for services		0,033		100,574		701,370		
Other				168,383		105,279		
Total Revenues		8,035		2,808,486		4,113,510		15,502
Expenditures: Current:								
Public protection								1,065
Health & Sanitation				2,746,956		5,112,516		
Debt Service:								
Principal payments								
Interest and fiscal charges								
Total Expenditures				2,746,956		5,112,516		1,065
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over								
(Under) Expenditures		8,035		61,530		(999,006)		14,437
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in						279,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					_	279,000		
Total Other Philaneling Sources (Uses)					_	279,000		
Change in Fund Balances		8,035		61,530		(720,006)		14,437
Fund Balances, Beginning of Fiscal Year		189,542		509,410		1,871,865		11,625
Fund Balances, End of Fiscal Year	\$	197,577	\$	570,940	\$	1,151,859	\$	26,062

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Mis	cellaneous		Spec by Cour					
		Special		•	IHSS		Amador		
	I	Revenue		Victory	Publi			Fire	
		Funds	<u>I</u>	Lighting	Author	ity	Pro	otection	Totals
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$		\$	2,785	\$		\$	19,855	\$ 22,640
Intergovernmental				39	243,0)95		553,865	6,382,786
Fines and forfeitures									187,996
Use of money and property		762		1,091	1,9	905		29,199	129,101
Charges for services		189,208						638,804	1,629,956
Other						590		168,015	442,267
Total Revenues		189,970		3,915	245,5	590	1,	409,738	8,794,746
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public protection				840			1,	447,542	1,449,447
Health & Sanitation					285,3	312			8,144,784
Debt Service:									
Principal payments								104,533	104,533
Interest and fiscal charges								8,949	8,949
Total Expenditures				840	285,3	312	1,:	561,024	9,707,713
-									
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over									
(Under) Expenditures		189,970		3,075	(39,7)	722)	(151,286)	(912,967)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in									279,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)									279,000
Change in Fund Balances		189,970		3,075	(39,7)	722)	(151,286)	(633,967)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Fiscal Year		113,325		25,218	62,2	243	,	725,437	3,508,665
					- 				
Fund Balances, End of Fiscal Year	\$	303,295	\$	28,293	\$ 22,5	521	\$:	574,151	\$ 2,874,698

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Project Funds June 30, 2008

	D				
		Parks & RecImpact Fee		mmunity Facility	 Totals
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and investments	\$	218,451	\$	22,537	\$ 240,988
Interest receivable		1,755		154	 1,909
Total Assets	\$	220,206	\$	22,691	\$ 242,897
Fund Balance					
Unreserved, undesignated	\$	220,206	\$	22,691	\$ 242,897

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

				Amador	
		rks & Rec		mmunity	T-4-1-
_	In	npact Fee	<u>Facility</u>		 Totals
Revenues:					
Licenses and permits	\$	201,800	\$		\$ 201,800
Use of money and property		5,475		948	6,423
Other				23,572	 23,572
Total Revenues		207,275		24,520	231,795
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government				14,549	 14,549
Total Expenditures				14,549	14,549
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over					
(Under) Expenditures		207,275		9,971	 217,246
Change in Fund Balance		207,275		9,971	217,246
Fund Balance, Beginning of Fiscal Year		12,931		12,720	25,651
Fund Balance, End of Fiscal Year	\$	220,206	\$	22,691	\$ 242,897

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the government's council is that the costs of providing goods to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the government's council has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Combining Statement of Net Assets All Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2008

ACCUTC	CSA #4		 CSA #5		CSA #6		CSA #8		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>									
Current Assets:									
Cash and investments in Pool Interest receivable	\$	41,144 354	\$ 253,968 2,154	\$	16,715 146	\$	57,100 482	\$	368,927 3,136
Due from other governments			 38,223						38,223
Total Assets	\$	41,498	\$ 294,345	\$	16,861	\$	57,582	\$	410,286
<u>LIABILITIES</u>									
Current Liabilities:									
Deposits held for others	\$		\$ 245,802	\$		\$		\$	245,802
Total Liabilities			245,802						245,802
NET ASSETS									
Unrestricted		41,498	 48,543		16,861		57,582		164,484
Total Net Assets		41,498	48,543		16,861		57,582		164,484
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	41,498	\$ 294,345	\$	16,861	\$	57,582	\$	410,286

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets All Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	(CSA #4	CSA #5		CSA #6		CSA #8		Total	
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Other	\$	 	\$	(238)	\$	35,571 	\$	 7,868	\$	35,333 7,868
Total Operating Revenues				(238)		35,571		7,868		43,201
Operating Expenses: Services and supplies				3,633		20,500		1,578		25,711
Total Operating Expenses				3,633		20,500		1,578		25,711
Operating Income (Loss)				(3,871)		15,071		6,290		17,490
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income		1,688		10,037		388		2,152		14,265
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		1,688		10,037		388		2,152		14,265
Change in Net Assets		1,688		6,166		15,459		8,442		31,755
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		39,810		42,377		1,402		49,140		132,729
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	41,498	\$	48,543	\$	16,861	\$	57,582	\$	164,484

Combining Statement of Cash Flows All Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	CSA #4		CSA #5		CSA #6	(CSA #8		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	\$	\$	(3,910) (3,633)	\$	35,571 (20,500)	\$	7,868 (1,578)	\$	39,529 (25,711)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities			(7,543)		15,071		6,290		13,818
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received Not Cosh Provided (Head)	1,746		10,458		256		2,199		14,659
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	1,746		10,458		256		2,199		14,659
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,746		2,915		15,327		8,489		28,477
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	39,398		251,053		1,388		48,611		340,450
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 41,144	\$	253,968	\$	16,715	\$	57,100	\$	368,927
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	\$	(3,871)	\$	15,071	\$	6,290	\$	17,490
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	,	Ф	(3,071)	Ф	13,071	Þ	0,290	Þ	17,490
Changes in assets and liabilities: Deposits held for Others Due from other funds			34,551 (38,223)		 		 		34,551 (38,223)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	\$	(7,543)	\$	15,071	\$	6,290	\$	13,818

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Combining Statement of Net Assets All Internal Service Funds June 30, 2008

			General						
		General	Services						
		Services	Motor				Self		
		Support	Pool	Com	munications		Insurance		Total
ASSETS		11							
Current Assets:									
Cash and investments in Pool	\$	224,338	\$ 678,394	\$	75,252	\$	2,010,586	\$	2,988,570
Imprest cash	·	2,150		·		·	50	·	2,200
Interest receivable		2,388	6,170		1,102		19,956		29,616
Total Current Assets		228,876	684,564		76,354		2,030,592		3,020,386
Noncurrent Assets:									
Capital Assets:									
Nondepreciable		15,000							15,000
Depreciable, net		30,525	806,160		4,547				841,232
Total Noncurrent Assets		45,525	806,160	1	4,547				856,232
Total Assets	\$	274,401	\$ 1,490,724	\$	80,901	\$	2,030,592	\$	3,876,618
<u>LIABILITIES</u>									
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	34,426	\$ 25,037	\$	9,781	\$	9,409	\$	78,653
Current portion of long-term liabilities:									
Compensated absences		18,314	16,310				3,947		38,571
Total Current Liabilities		52,740	41,347		9,781		13,356		117,224
Long-term Liabilities:									
Compensated absences		18,314	16,311				3,947		38,572
Claims liability							150,000		150,000
Total Long-term Liabilities		18,314	16,311				153,947		188,572
Total Liabilities		71,054	57,658		9,781		167,303		305,796
NET ASSETS									
Invested in capital assets,									
net of related debt		45,525	806,160		4,547				856,232
Unrestricted		157,822	 626,906		66,573		1,863,289		2,714,590
Total Net Assets		203,347	1,433,066		71,120		1,863,289		3,570,822
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	274,401	\$ 1,490,724	\$	80,901	\$	2,030,592	\$	3,876,618

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets All Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	General Services Support		General Services Motor Pool	Communications	Self Insurance	Total
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,652,5	73	\$ 1,873,370	\$ 289,042	\$ 779,077	\$ 4,594,062
Other inome		.88		98		286
Total Operating Revenues	1,652,7	61	1,873,370	289,140	779,077	4,594,348
Operating Expenses:						
Salaries and benefits	767,8	32	397,093	64,859	134,211	1,363,995
Services and supplies	892,7	20	1,128,573	216,201	1,728,825	3,966,319
Depreciation	3,3	322	278,746	3,373	110	285,551
Total Operating Expenses	1,663,8	374	1,804,412	284,433	1,863,146	5,615,865
Operating Income (Loss)	(11,1	13)	68,958	4,707	(1,084,069)	(1,021,517)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income Gain (loss) on sale of assets	10,7	′20 	26,240 (4,720)	1,102	75,845 	113,907 (4,720)
Total Non-Operating			(1,120)			(1,1-1)
Revenues (Expenses)	10,7	20	21,520	1,102	75,845	109,187
Net Income (Loss) before Transfers	(3	893)	90,478	5,809	(1,008,224)	(912,330)
Transfers In					566,020	566,020
Change in Net Assets	(3	393)	90,478	5,809	(442,204)	(346,310)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	203,7	40	1,342,588	65,311	2,305,493	3,917,132
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 203,3	347	\$ 1,433,066	\$ 71,120	\$ 1,863,289	\$ 3,570,822

Combining Statement of Cash Flows All Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	General Services Support	General Services Motor Pool	Communications	Self Insurance	Total
Cash Flows from Operating					
Activities:					
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$1,652,761	\$ 1,873,370	\$ 289,140	\$ 779,077	\$ 4,594,348
Payments to employees	(765,175)	(390,724)	(64,859)	(133,721)	(1,354,479)
Payments to suppliers	(885,346)	(1,106,693)	(213,045)	(1,679,461)	(3,884,545)
Net Cash Provided (Used)					
by Operating Activities	2,240	375,953	11,236	(1,034,105)	(644,676)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Interest received	10,449	25,529		84,704	120,682
Net Cash Provided (Used)					
by Investing Activities	10,449	25,529		84,704	120,682
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Purchase of capital assets		(219,169)			(219,169)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		22,157			22,157
Net Cash Provided (Used)		22,137			22,137
· · · ·					
by Capital and Related		(107.010)			(107.010)
Financing Activities		(197,012)			(197,012)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:				7 000	7 4 4 4 4 4 4
Transfers received from other funds				566,020	566,020
Net Cash Provided (Used)					
by Non-Capital Financing Activities				566,020	566,020
Activities				300,020	300,020
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash					
and Cash Equivalants	12,689	204,470	11,236	(383,381)	(154,986)
Cash and Cash Equivalents,					
Beginning of Year	213,799	473,924	64,016	2,394,017	3,145,756
Cash and Cash Equivalents,					
End of Year	\$ 226,488	\$ 678,394	\$ 75,252	\$ 2,010,636	\$ 2,990,770

Combining Statement of Cash Flows (continued) All Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	General Services Support	General Services Motor Pool	Communications	Self Insurance	Total
Reconciliation of operating income					
to net cash provided (used) by					
operating activities:					
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile her income (1055) to her	\$ (11,113)	\$ 68,958	\$ 4,707	\$ (1,084,068)	\$(1,021,517)
provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	3,322	278,746	3,373	109	285,551
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts payable	7,374	21,880	3,156	9,364	41,774
Other liabilities		6,369		40,000	46,369
Compensated absences payable	2,657			490	3,147
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 2,240	\$ 375,953	\$ 11,236	\$ (1,034,105)	\$ (644,676)
by Operating Activities	ψ 2,240	Ψ 313,933	ψ 11,230	ψ (1,034,103)	Ψ (0++,070)